

AUSTRALIAN CHEMICAL REAGENTS
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Prepared: December 2016
Version No: 5

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: Dimidium Bromide Disulphine Blue Indicator Stock Solution
Product Code: 0784
Other Names: Ni
Uses: For use as indicator for two phase titrations of surfactants.
Supplier: Australian Chemical Reagents
38-50 Bedford Street Gillman SA 5013

Contacts: Telephone: 61 08 84402000
Fax: 61 08 84402001
Emergency Phone: 61 08 84402000 Mon – Fri 8:30am – 5:00pm

2. HAZARDS INFORMATION

Hazard classification: Classified as non-Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients :

Chemical Entity	CAS No	Proportion
Dimidium bromide	[518-67-2]	0.2%
Disulphine blue	[129-17-9]	0.1%
Ethanol	[64-17-5]	8%
Water	[7732-18-5]	to 100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Safety showers and eye wash facilities should be provided.

Swallowed :

If conscious wash out mouth with water. Seek medical advice. Show this SDS to medical practitioner.

Eye :

Immediately hold eyelids open and flood with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical aid. Show this SDS to medical practitioner.

Skin :

Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash skin thoroughly with water and mild soap. Seek medical advice. Show this SDS to medical practitioner. Launder clothing before reuse.

Inhaled :

Remove from contaminated air. Maintain breathing with artificial respiration if necessary. Seek medical assistance. Show this SDS to a doctor.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Water spray carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, or appropriate foam.

Hazards From Combustion Products:

Decomposition products include oxides of carbon.

Precautions For Fire Fighters and Special Protective Equipment:

Fire fighters and others who may be exposed to combustion products during fire should wear full protective clothing including positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear SCBA with full face-piece, operated in positive pressure mode when fighting fires.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedures:

Prevent from entering waterways. Restrict access to area. Remove chemicals that can react with the spilled material.

Methods and materials for containment and clean up:

Ventilate area. Wear protective clothing. Use inert material such as sand or earth to contain spill or leak. Absorb spills with chemical absorber or vermiculite and dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid all personal exposure. Do not mix with oxidising agents.

Conditions for Safe Storage:

Store sealed in original container in a cool well ventilated situation away from foods and other chemicals. Do not store in direct sunlight. Observe good hygiene and housekeeping practices.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

National Exposure Standards:

SWA – Ethanol 1880mg/m³ TWA

Biological Limit Values: No data available.

Engineering Controls:

If mists are likely to be generated maintain atmospheric concentrations well below exposure standards with extraction ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

The use of nitrile or neoprene gloves complying with AS 2161 and the use of faceshield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection complying with AS/NZS 1337 is recommended.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance :	Dark blue liquid
Odour:	Slight Alcohol
pH:	Not applicable
Boiling Point (°C) :	100
Freezing/melting Point:	Not applicable
Vapour Pressure (mm of Hg @ 25°C) :	Not known
Vapour Density:	Not known
Specific Gravity :	1
Flash Point (°C) :	Not flammable
Flammability Limits (%) :	Not flammable
Solubility in Water (g/L) :	Soluble

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability:

Stable.

Conditions to avoid:

Heat. Sunlight.

Incompatible materials:

Oxidizing agents, peroxides, acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides.

Hazardous decomposition products:

Refer to section 5 (Fire Fighting Measures).

Hazardous reactions:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Effects:

Swallowed : May cause burning taste. May be harmful. May lead to central nervous system depression, nausea, dizziness, headache, gastric irritation. For ethanol oral – human LDLo 1400 mg/kg

Eye : Irritating to eyes. 100mg ethanol applied to rabbit eyes produced moderate irritation after 24 hours.

Skin : May irritate skin tissue. May be harmful by skin absorption. May defat skin. 500mg ethanol applied to rabbit skin produced severe irritation after 24 hours.

Inhaled : Vapour is irritating to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. May be harmful if inhaled. May result in dizziness, headaches and nausea. For ethanol LC50 inhalation rat 20000 ppm / 10 hours.

Chronic Effects:. Long term exposure may include liver, heart and kidney damage. Repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

No data available.

Persistence and degradability:

No data available.

Mobility:

No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material and container. Observe all federal, state and local environmental regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number: Not applicable

UN Proper Shipping Name Not applicable

Class and subsidiary risk(s): Not applicable

Packing Group: Not applicable

Hazchem Code: Not applicable

Special precautions for user : Nil

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP):

Not Scheduled

16. OTHER INFORMATION

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